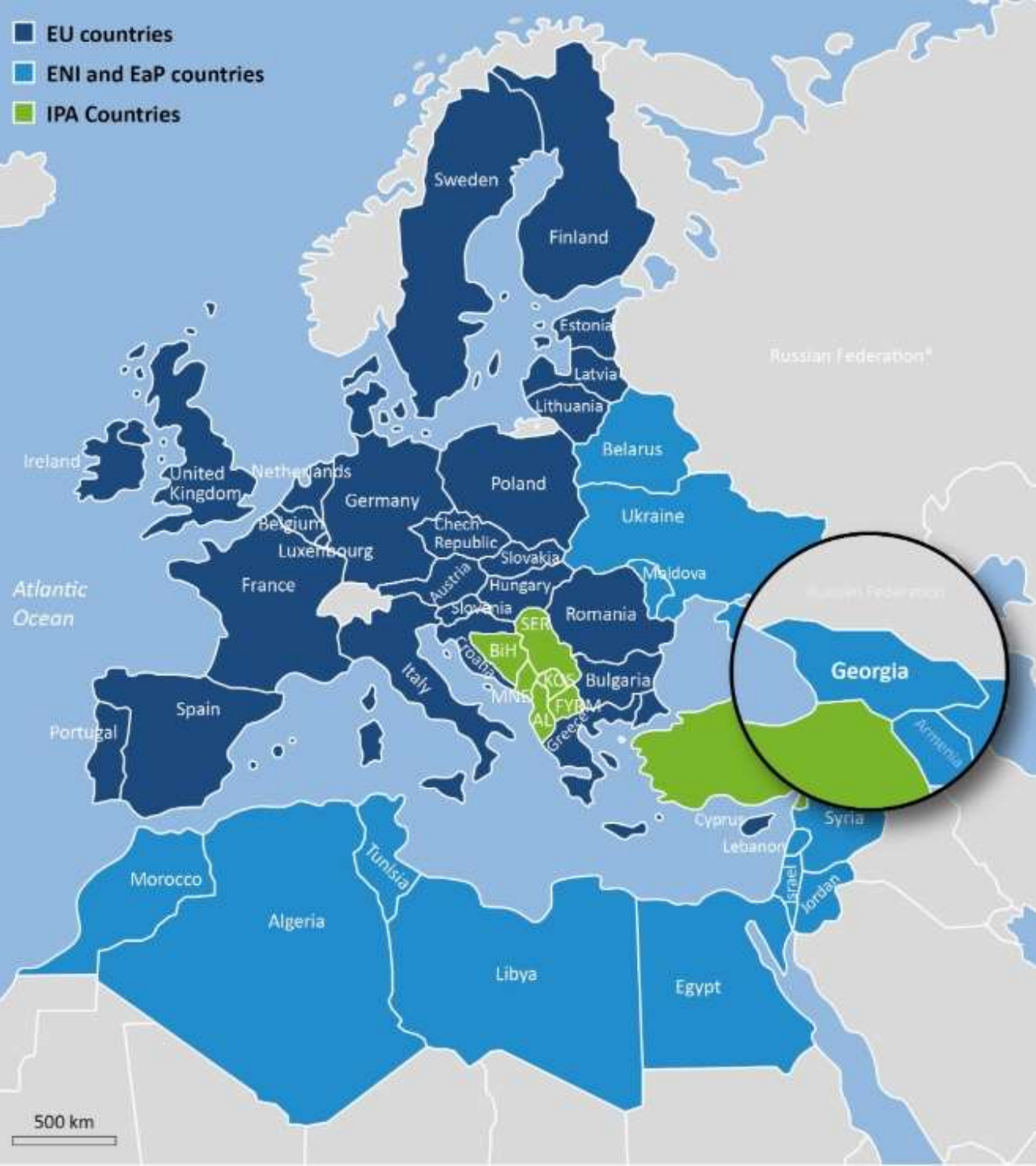


SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS IN COUNTRY OF GEORGIA





☺ Welcome to Georgia ☺

☺ Discover Georgia ☺

**International Center for Caucasus Tourism
offers:**

Four Routes to Georgia

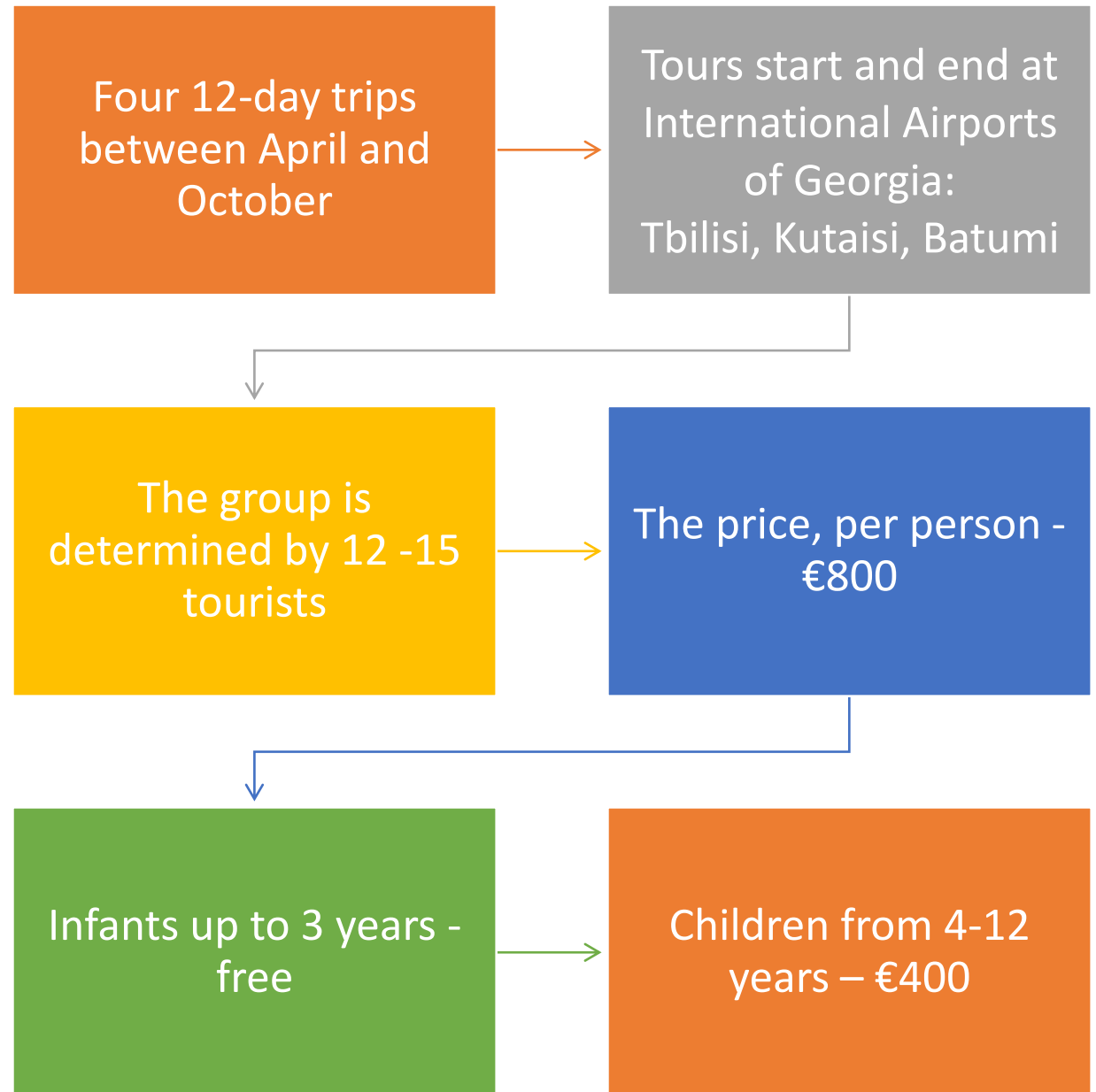
www.icct.ge

+ 995 599 50 23 36

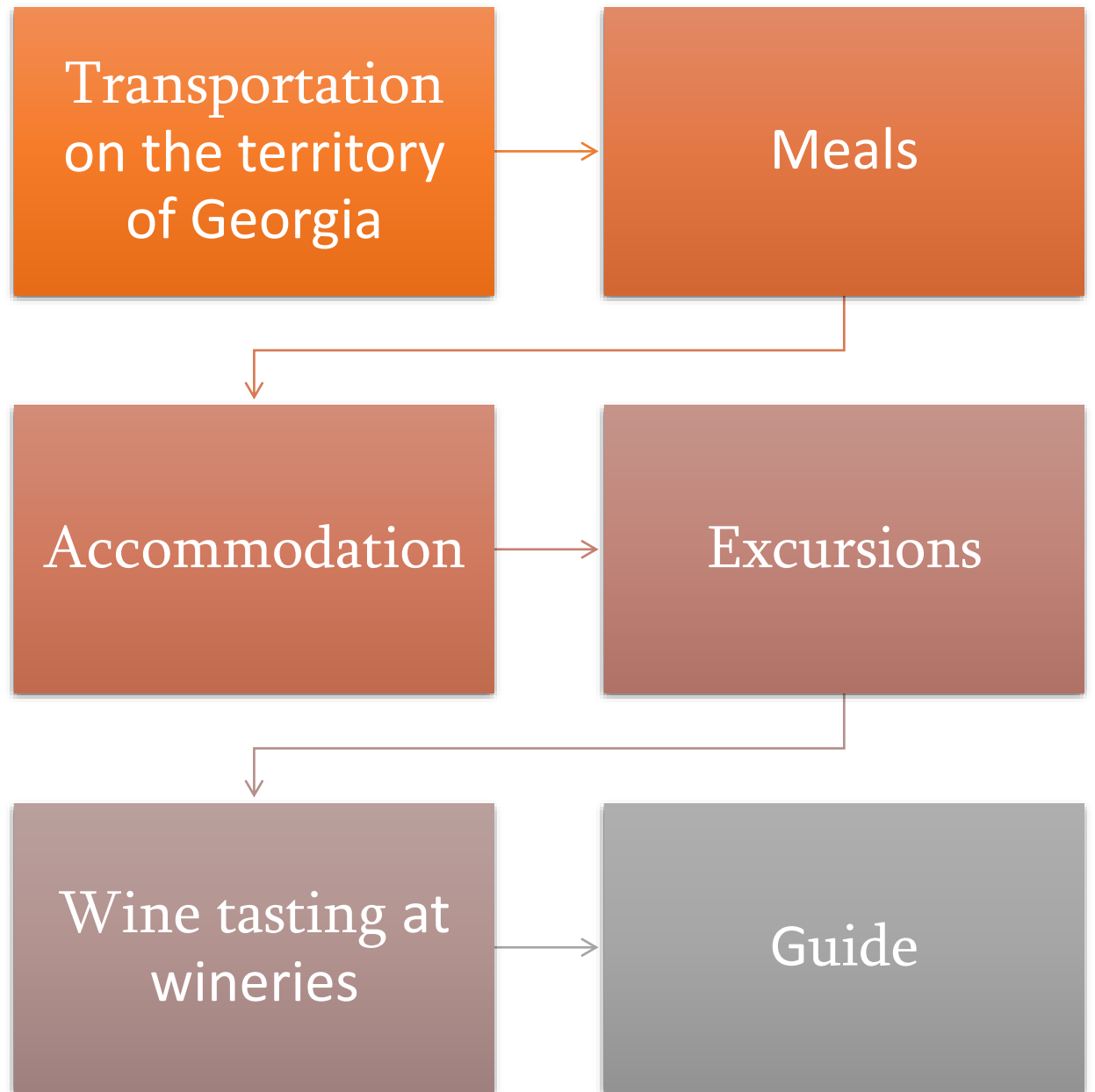
+ 995 577 23 77 00

icct.ngo.2007@gmail.com

General Information:



Full package
of services
includes:



Price of the
tour does not
include:

air tickets
to / from
Airports

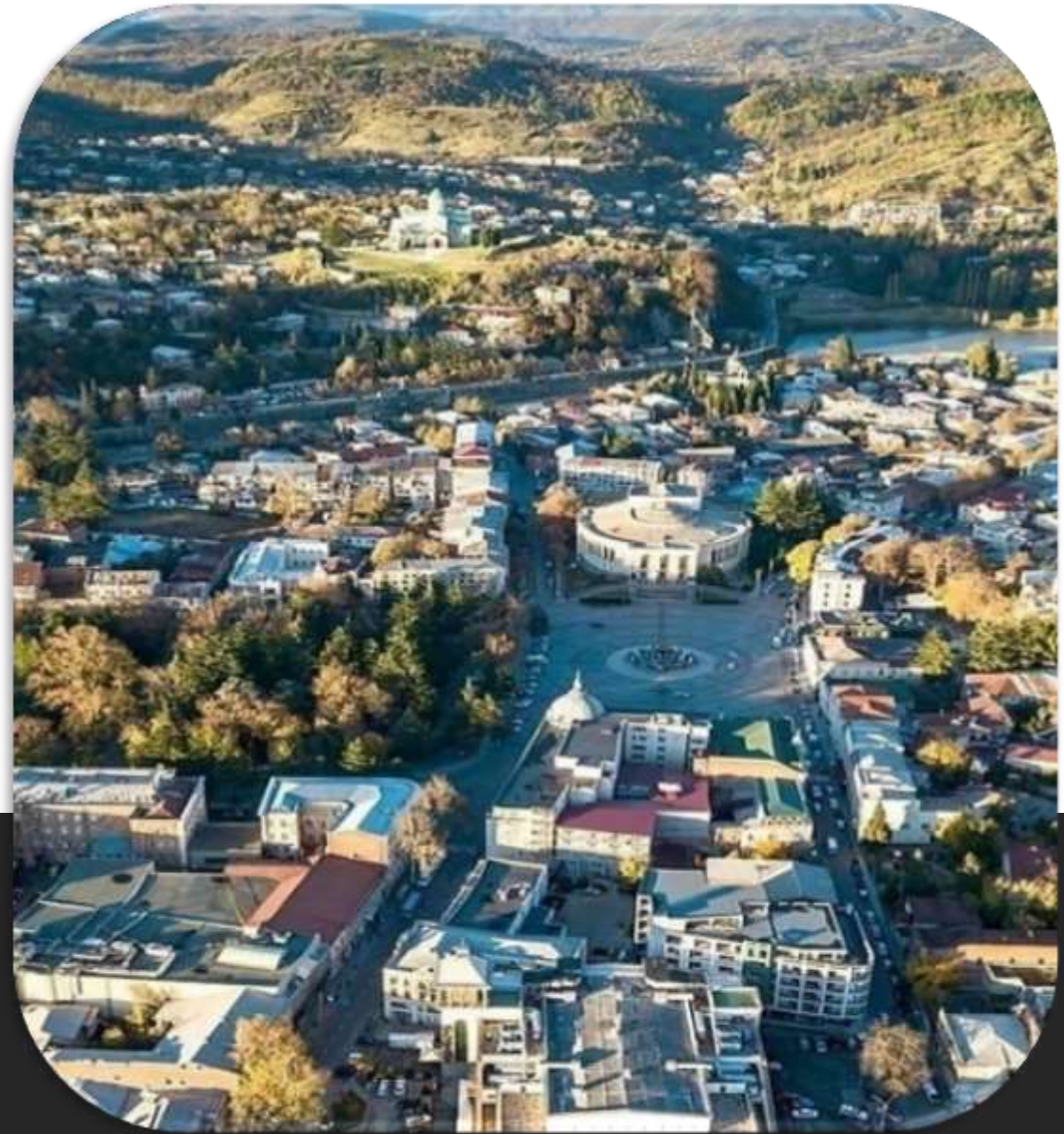
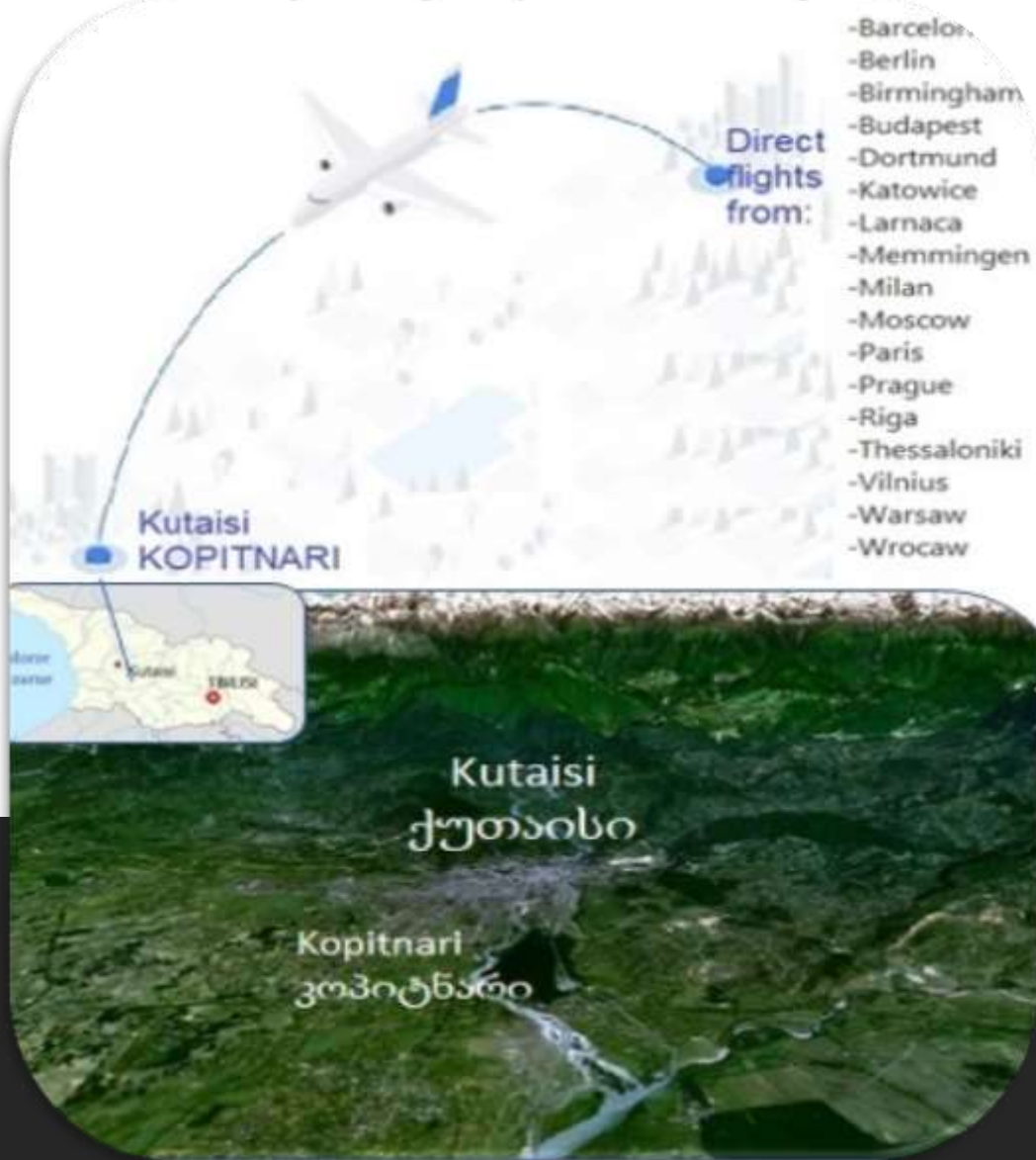


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graph TD; A[air tickets to / from Airports] --> B[travel insurance costs]; B --> C[intermediary margin];
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travel
insurance
costs

intermediary
margin

Cities which are related directly to Kutaisi



Kutaisi (antique Aia)

Contact information for interested persons and travel agencies

Name of Organization - International Center for Caucasus Tourism (ICCT)

Website: www.icct.ge

Address: 7, Murman Lebanidze Str., 0119, Tbilisi, Georgia

E-mail: icct.ngo.2007@gmail.com; icctgeorgia@gmail.com

Contact person: Marine Metreveli (Ms)

Mob. +995 599 50 23 36

Contact person: Temo Samadashvili (Mr)

Mob. +995 577 23 77 00

Contact person: Mzia Kokhia (Ms)

Mob. +995 577 26 20 02

The application for the tour must be sent no later than 1.5 months before the start date to the specified email address

Important information



The application for the tour must be sent no later than 1.5 months before the start date to the specified email address. The application of tourist group will be submitted by organizer /mobilizer with full personnel data including passport page with photo. The terms of cooperation with the mobilizer will be signed by the contract, and his/her participation in tour will be financed from the amount paid by the group. Mobilizer collects the members of the group and transfers the full amount paid by them. Remuneration of mobilizer's work is not included in the tour price. The transfer of the total amount to the host organization bank account should be executed no later than 1 (one) month before the tour starts with indication of mobilizers' name, tour number and the date of issue. Tour mobilizer will receive the confirmation letter via email once the total amount is transferred to the host organization bank account. In case of refusal a participant will be refunded 80% from the paid amount within 10 days upon the registration completion. The group will be accompanied with one representative of the host organization and guide. On the territory of Georgia the group will be served with a comfortable, fully-equipped micro-luxury Mercedes-Benz minibus and a driver with International driving license.

How to order the tours



The précised date of the tour with participants' personal data should be sent in this address.
icct.ngo.2007@gmail.com



Wait for the confirmation by the host organization in writing form.



Terms of the tours will be preliminary negotiated and agreed by both side.



Total amount should be transferred to the indicated Bank Account of the host organization not later than two weeks before the tour starts.



FOR EUR TRANSFER

BENEFICIARY'S BANK:

JSC TBC BANK

TBILISI, GEORGIA

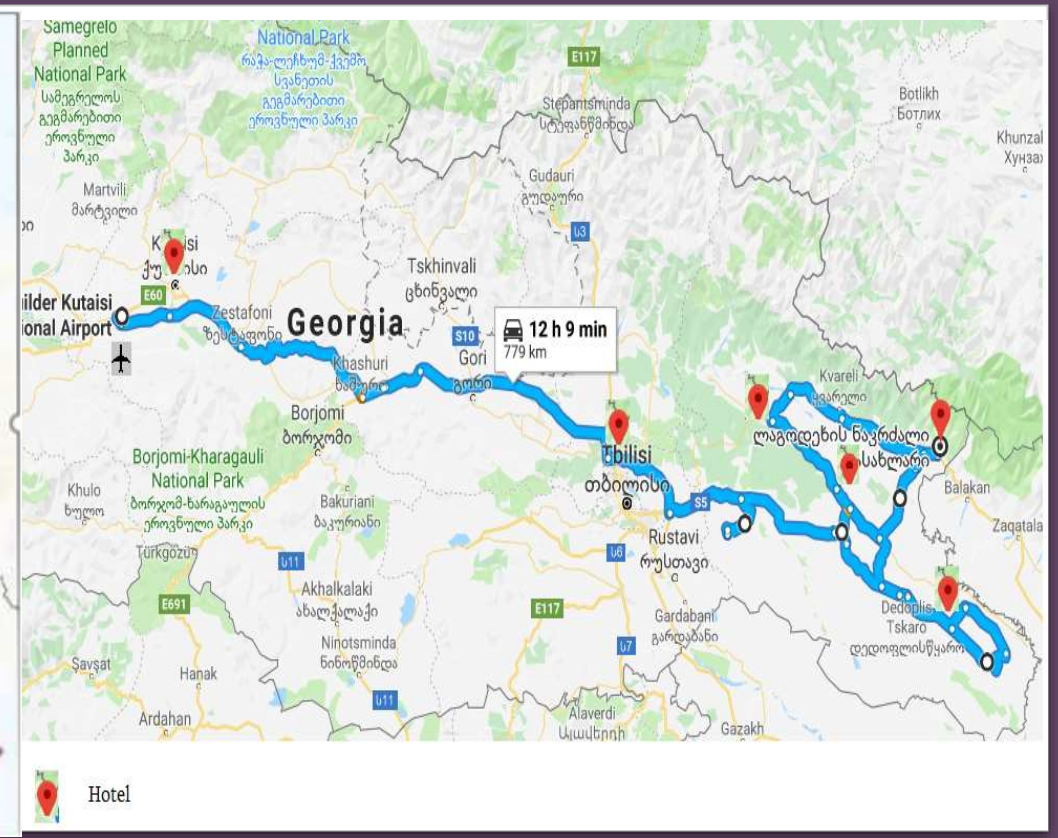
SWIFT: TBCBGE22

BEN'S IBAN:

GE07TB7237636120100006

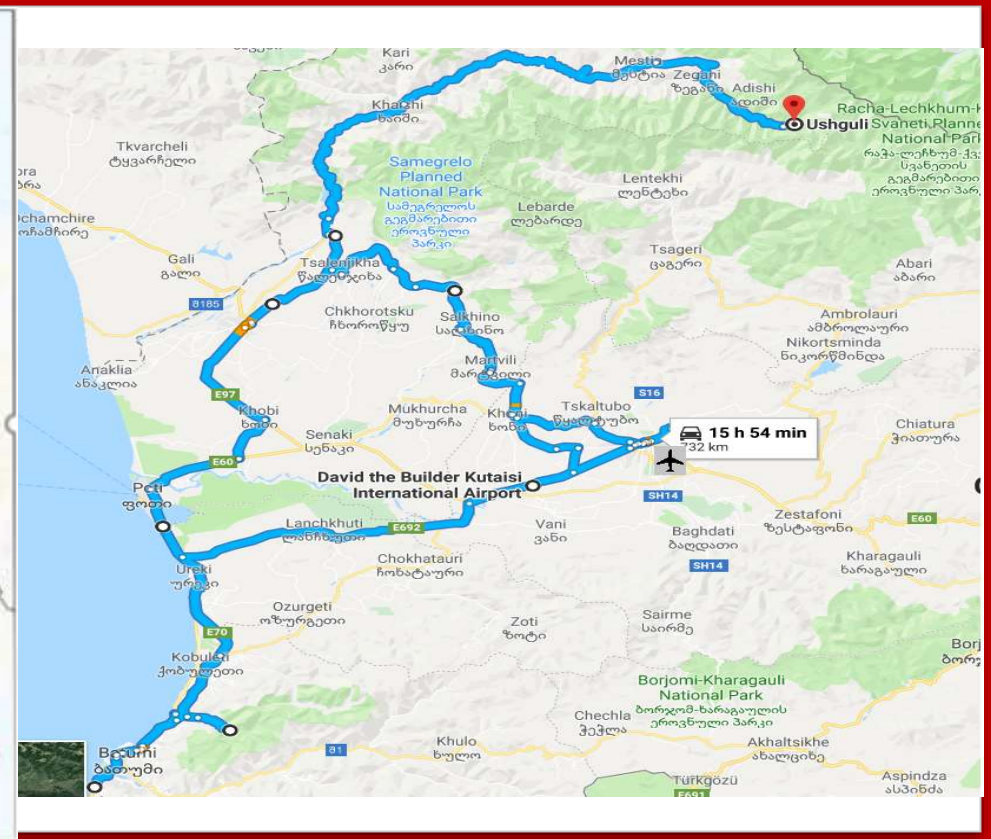
NAME OF BENEFICIARY:

'INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR CAUCASUS TOURISM'
REGISTERED UNION



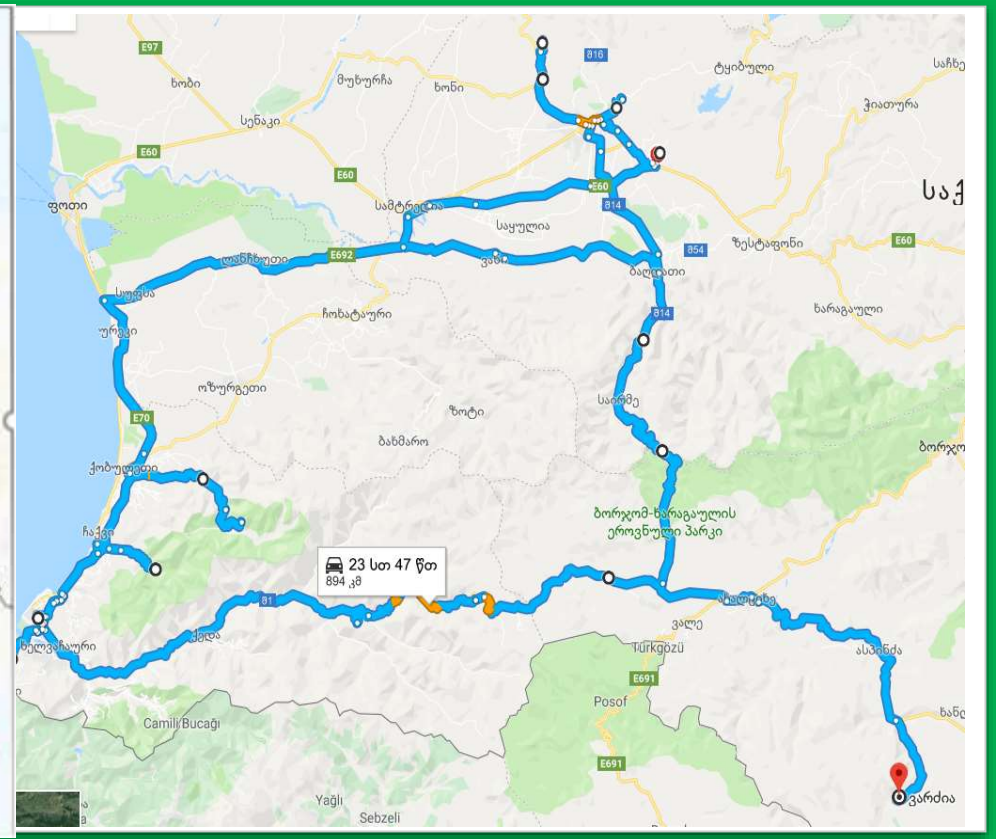
Route 1:

Regions: Imeretia, Kartli, Kakheti

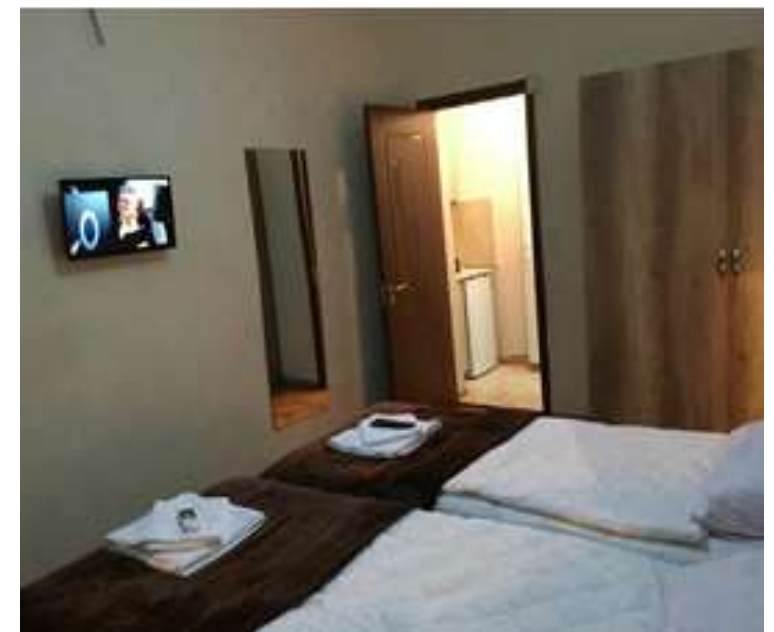


Route 3:

Regions: Imeretia, Swanetia, Adjara



Route 4: Regions: Imereti, Adjara, Samtskhe-Javakheti



Kutaisi - Hotel "Eurica" - Airport



Kutaisi is one of the oldest cities in the world. It's among five the oldest cities of Europe

1. **Jericho**

2. **Biblos**

3. **Argos**

4. **Sydney**

5. **Kutaisi** - A city that was founded 1400 years before Christ. The city is located in the west of Georgia, it was the heart and capital of the ancient state. Georgia itself is associated with the travel of the Argonauts and Medea.

The history of **Kutaisi** begins from the 3rd century BC, however, antique authors viewed it as the capital of the ancient Colchis Kingdom (the 8th century BC). According to archaeological data, today's Kutaisi territory and surroundings have been inhabited hundreds of thousands of years ago. From the XV-XIIIth centuries BC the existence of Kolkhi culture is confirmed. On the hills on the right bank of the river Rioni the vast settlement of the 8th-7th centuries BC has been preserved. From ancient times and later during the feudal times Kutaisi maintained the state of the first city in the western Georgia (Kolkheti, Egrisi, Lazeti, Abkhazeti). Kutaisi is in the top five of the oldest cities in Europe.

Kakheti region, visiting Tbilisi and Mtskheta



Mtskheta

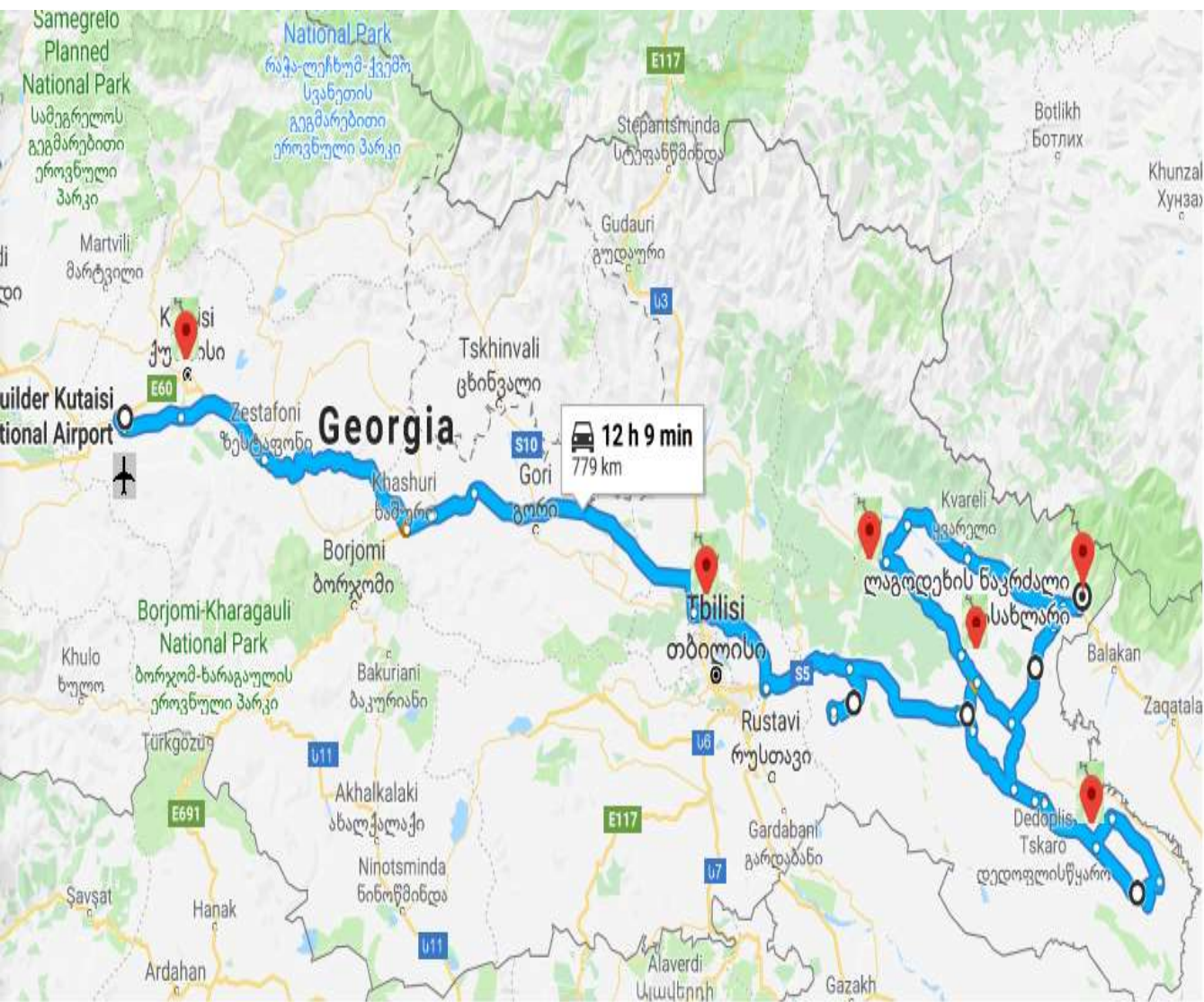
The old capital of the Kingdom of Kartli Mtskheta built it in the confluence/junction of the Mtkvari and Aragvi Rivers. Preference to all the capital cities of the country is the name "Mother-City". The Kingdom of Kartli has its origin from Mtskheta and later it became the very place where at first the nation was converted to Christianity.

Two great holiness of the Old and New Testaments - Elijah's people and the robe of the Lord, the Svetitskhoveli Cathedral (included in UNESCO World Heritage List) is covered in space.

They symbolically united the Old and New Testaments on the Georgian land, where the Georgian Church was founded.



Route number one - Imereti - Kacheti



Day I Meeting at the Airport Accommodation Rest	Day VII Kvareli Lake Churchkhela processing
Day II Mtskheta Svetiskhoveli Cathedral, Jvari Monastery Tbilisi	Day VIII Gremi Monastery Shuamta Monastery Telavi
Day III DavidGareja Monastery) Lavra Dedoplistskaro Elia Mountain	Day IX Telavi National Museum Tsinandali Chavchavadze Museum
Day IV Vashlovani National Park Chachuna Mud Volcanoes	Day X Polish host in Gurjaani Wine tasting
Day V Signaghi Lagodekhi National Park	Day XI Kutaisi Historical Museum Kutaisi market Walking in old Kutaisi
Day VI Ninokhevi Waterfall	Day XII Seeing off and departing at the Airport Farewell/parting



Guest House - Green house,



<https://www.booking.com/hotel/ge/green-house-lagodekhi>, <https://www.facebook.com/Collage-under-the-moonlight-822964654548860/>- Telavi, <http://hosting.iliauni.edu.ge/hotel/dedoplistsqharo/>- Dedoplistskaro.

Change of hotels will not affect the conditions and prices





Tbilisi



Tbilisi - The Caucasus Historic Center, the capital of Georgia. Its history dates to the sixteenth century. Since the fourth century, Tbilisi has been a center of Georgians identity, as well as Jerusalem - for Jews.

It is uncommon for the city to take such a painless and uncompromising tribal tribes, regulations, and faiths that peacefully lived here on one of the earth-synagogues, mosques, catholic and orthodox churches.



Kakheti

Kakheti is, particularly, enjoyable and "luxurious" for the visitor, who will be filled with impressions and feelings after seeing landscapes and architectural monuments.

The long and painful history of the country has left many architectural monuments - city-citadels and fortresses. The result of centuries-old Christian tradition is the abundance of church-monasteries, some of which are associated with names of Holy Fathers. It is rich with protected areas, mud volcanoes and natural monuments



Kakheti - famous for national parks, mud volcanoes, nature monuments



Eagle Valley is located in Dedoplistskaro



Nino's Khevi Waterfall is in Lagodekhi



Chachuna Desert in Vashlovani



Kakheti - famous for its lakes

The Kvareli (Ilia's) Lake are located in the heart of Kakheti, surrounded with various kind of more than 100-years trees. Rivers Bursa and Chagargula which flow into these lakes, the beautiful panorama of the Alazani Valley make the resort "Kvareli Lake" unique and catching.

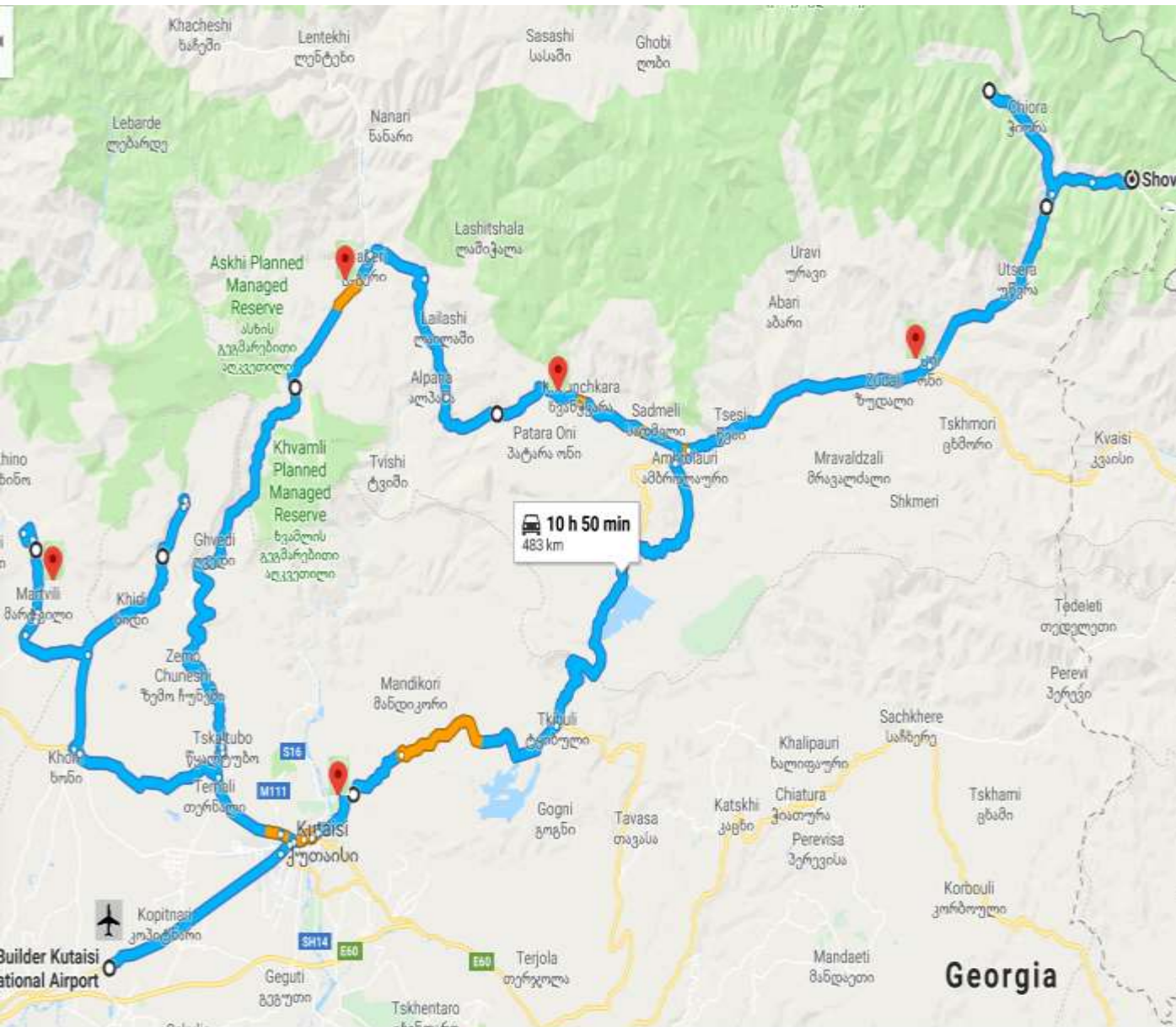


Kakheti - famous for Wine Making

While Kakheti Tour you participate in **Rtveli Georgian manner of grape picking**. You will try **Kakhetian wine** and **attend the process of wine making** as well as see how Churchkhela is cooked, (Georgian sweet made with wine juice, wheat flower and nuts). Marani is the place where wine makers start and finish producing wine. You will visit the historical towns and villages of Kakheti to get acquainted with the local customs and traditions and differed hospitality.



Route number two Imereti - Racha-Lechkhumi



Day I Meeting and picking up at the Airport Accommodation Rest	Day VII Alpana Pass Sairme Column Tsageri
Day II Bagrati Cathedral Motsameta Monastery Gelati Monastery Kutaisi Historical Museum	Day VIII Resort Tskaltubo Thermal Waters Okatse Canyon Kinchkas Cascade Waterfall
Day III Nakarela Pass Shaori Water Reservoir Nikortsminda Monastery Oni Synagogue	Day IX Martvili Canyon Nokalakevi Fortress Wine tasting at "Baia's Marani" vil. Obcha, Imereti
Day IV Mamisoni Pass Walk in Shovi forest Utsera Bike Centre	Day X Resort Sairme Tasting of mineral waters Rest
Day V Village of Chiora Village of Gebi Village of Gona	Day XI Kutaisi traditional market Walking in Old Kutaisi
Day VI Baraconi Monastery Khvanchkara Wine Manufacture Wine Tasting	Day XII Seeing off and departure from the Airport



Hotel



საოჯახო სასტუმრო
"მხატვრის სახლი"
Family Hotel "Gallery"



Family Hotel "Galeria" Oni, Racha - <https://www.facebook.com/hotelinoni/>
Change of hotels will not affect the conditions and prices



Racha



Racha is one of the most beautiful mountain regions of Georgia, famous for its mineral and thermal waters and climatic-balneological resorts. Within the tour you will be able to get acquainted with this loving nature heritage: mountains, forests, rivers, lakes, etc. You will taste distinguished Racha cuisine, well known wine “Khvanchkara”. Also visit churches and monasteries the oldest Oni Synagogue.



Lechkhumi

Lechkhumi - One of the oldest regions of Georgia. Initially the name of Lechkhumi was Takveri. It locates between Kutaisi and Tskaltubo in the valley of two rivers- Rioni and Tskhenistskali.

Spa Resort Tskaltubo is in 12 km from Kutaisi, well known for Term Waters. It is famous for numerous landmarks, lakes and wine "Tvishi".



Samegrelo Megrelia

Martvili Canyons - Samegrelo is the historic place of Western Georgia. Its territory lies between rivers Rioni, Tskenisiskali, Enguri. Samegrelo has the shore of the Black Sea with place Anaklia, that is viewed as one more and the deepest seaport in Georgia. The name comes from the historic name of Egrisi. Samegrelo is rich with cultural monuments, protected fortresses, churches and monasteries. The fortifications of the fortress are built on strategically and geographically important points, in most cases, on the edge of the river where there passed the military and trade roads .

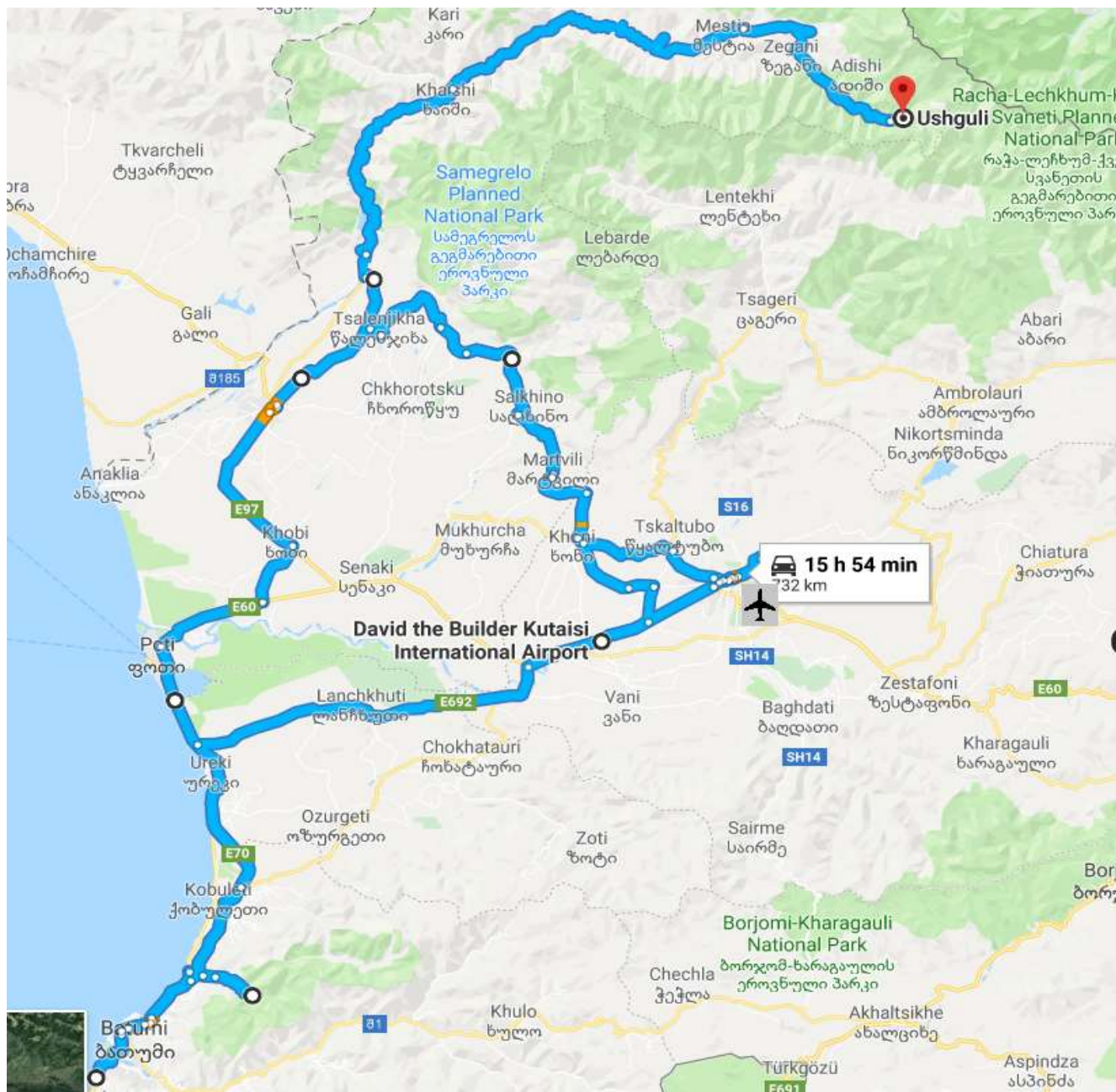


Sights to be seen in Samegrelo:

- ❖ Martvili Canyon (Oputskhole) – the noble family Dadianis' bathing place, riding on boats
- ❖ Palace of the Dadianis
- ❖ Village Salkhino - Holy Mother's Church XVIII c.
- ❖ Historical winery/ cellar.



Rout number three - Imereti – Swaneti - Adjara - regions



Day I Meeting and picking up at the Airport Accommodation Rest	Day VII Hatsvali Mountain Ski Resort Mestia Ethnographical Museum Enguri HPP (hydropower plant)
Day II Bagrati Cathedral Motsameta Monastery Gelati Monastery Kutaisi Historical Museum	Day VIII Zugdidi the Dadianis' Palace Anaklia Kobuleti (the Black Sea side)
Day III Sataplia Tskaltubo Prometheus Cave	Day IX Petra Castle Mtirala National Park Honey House
Day IV Martvili Canyon SalkhinoDadiani Summer Residence Okatse Canyon Kinchka Cascade Waterfall Wine tasting	Day X Gonio, Adjara, the Black Sea side Batumi City, Adjara, The Black Sea side
Day V Mestia	Day XI Kutaisi Historical Museum Kutaisitrade market Walking in old Kutaisi
Day VI Ushba Tetnuli	Day XII Seeing off and departing from the Airport



Guest house in Anaklia - "Andria Aiaco House"
Guest house in Mestia - "Anastasia"
https://www.facebook.com/?tn-str=k*F
Hotel in Kobuleti - "Seashell", www.seashell.ge



Swanetia

Svaneti - consists of the most beautiful mountainous settlements in the world. One of them is Ushguli, the top village in Europe Georgia. Upper Svaneti is recognized by UNESCO as the World Heritage Site. The highest peak of Georgia is Shkhara with height is 5210 m. At the foot of the peak of Shkhara the village Ushguli (2200 m a.s.l.) is located.

There are also located two peaks Ushba (4700 m a.s.l.) and Tetnuldi (4852 m a.s.l.).



In Svaneti the untouched nature, old customs - traditions and lifestyle still remain/are preserved. The oldest dwelling of Svans, the multi-storey, so-called Svanic towers that have survived during many centuries and after many earthquakes. Their height varies from 20 to 30 m.

Since ancient times, Svaneti was and still is the National Treasure of Georgia. While the most difficult times, the wealth of the whole country - the precious icons, crosses, other ecclesiastical and secular jewelry were kept in the mountains of Svaneti. Mestia Museum still keeps a major part of this treasure.

Adjara



One of the most beautiful parts of Georgia is the Black Sea coastline. Adjara is known for the protected areas and the richest Botanical gardens. The enter of Christianity in Georgia started in the 1st century from the territory of Adjara. Christianity here was preached by Christ's Apostles Andrew the First and Svimon Kananal. According to some sources, Christ's other apostles are buried on the territory of Gonio Fortress, Adjara.

Mountainous Adjara

Adjara is a place where the sea and mountain are united. Adjara has splendid flora and fauna. The humid subtropical forests and their inhabitants, sand dunes, beautiful lakes, the sea and mountains close to the sky - this is what is called harmony with nature.



Samckhe-Javakheti

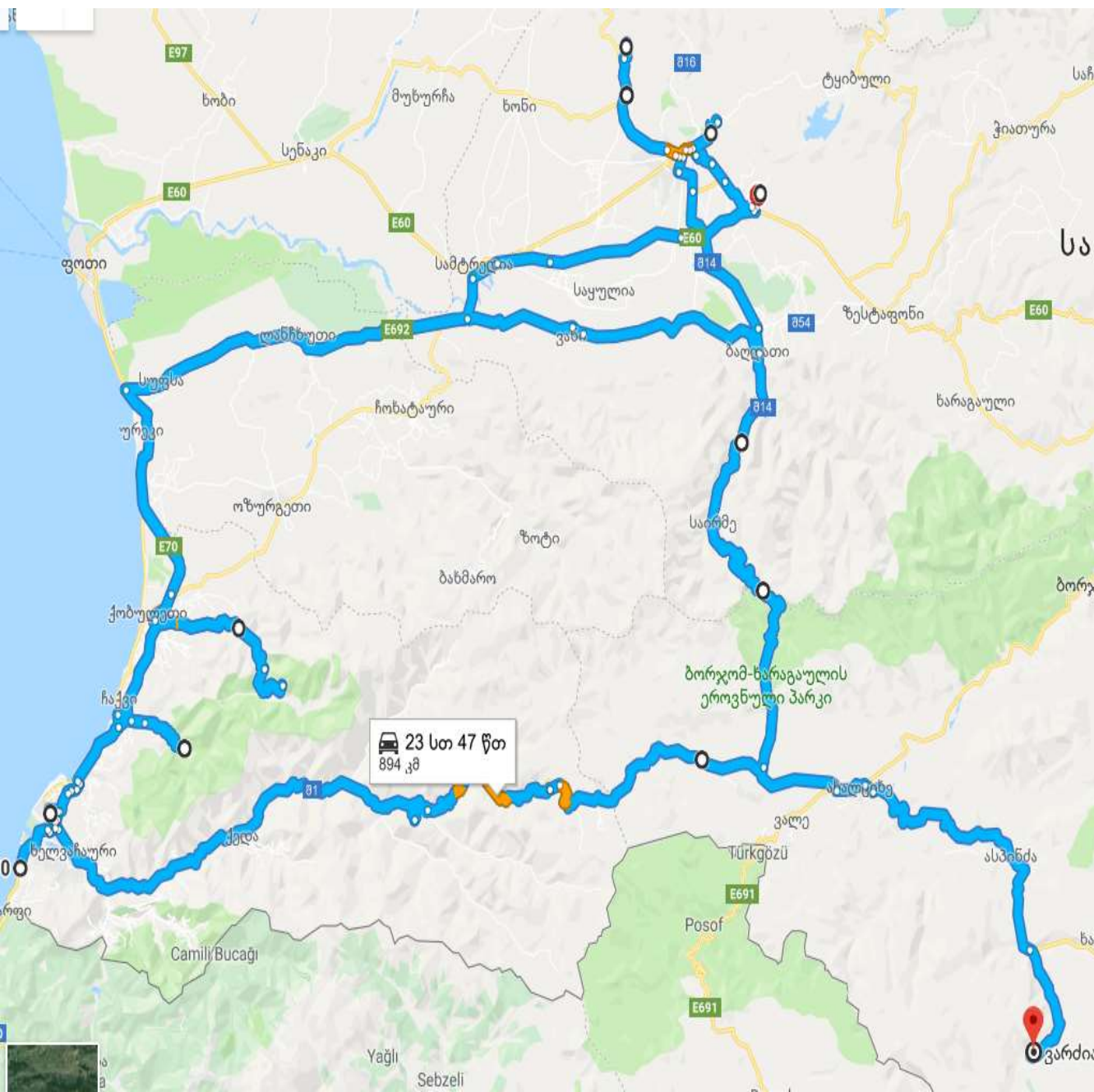
The region of southern Georgia includes the historical-geographical provinces:

Samckhe, Javakheti, Tori.

There are many monuments of nature, architecture and culture in Samtskhe-Javakheti, among them the most important:



Route number four – Imereti & Samckhe-Javacheti regions



Day I Meeting at the Airport Accommodation Rest	Day VII Beshumi Zarzma Monastery Abastumani Observatory
Day II Bagrati Cathedral Motsameta Monastery Gelati Monastery Kutaisi Historical Museum	Day VIII Vardzia monastery complex
Day III Sataplia Tskaltubo Prometheus Cave	Day IX Rabati Castle Sairme
Day IV Kintrishi Gorge	Day X Sairme
Day V Gonio Fortress Batumi	Day XI Kutaisi Historical Museum Kutaisi market Wals in Old Kutaisi
Day VI Petra Castle Mtirala National Park Honey House	Day XII Seeing off and departing at the Airport



Hotel Apartment "Sairme" -
<https://www.facebook.com/apartmentsairme/>



Samtskhe-Javakheti

The region of southern Georgia includes the historical-geographical provinces of Samtskhe, Javakheti and Tori territories.

There are many monuments of nature, architecture and culture in Samtskhe-Javakheti, among them the most important:

- Vardzia monastery complex
- Tmogvi Fortress
- Khertvisi Fortress
- Zarzma Monastery
- Rabati Fortress



Vardzia monastery complex

The Vardzia monastery ensemble, is the XII-XIII century Georgian artistic culture monument. It is located in historical Javakheti on the left bank of the river Mtkvari. **The Vardzia monastery ensemble** is located 1300 meters above sea level.

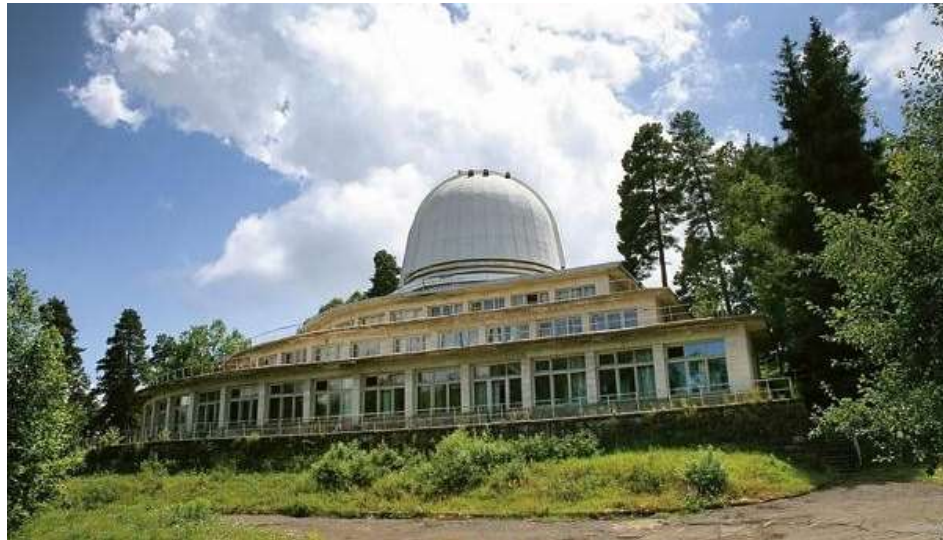


Rabati Fortress - Historical Fortress in Akhaltsikhe, Georgia, in the "Rabati" historical district. It is located on the bank of the river Potskhovi. Today the rehabilitated fortress is a part of the Akhaltsikhe fortress complex, which consists of different medieval period structures. It was the most important defensive structure in the region, and its walls are reminiscent of many hard fight. For centuries there was a residence of Akhaltsikhe owners. The fortress was surrounded by three fences, connected with an underground tunnel.

Abastumani



Abastumani - located on the southern slopes covered by coniferous forest is a famous climatic-balneological resort Abastumani, whose climate is unbearable for the prevention of pulmonary disease. It is especially useful in spring season when the pine begins to crack. Apart from the climate, Abastumani is famous for hyperthermia, weakly mineralized sources (Goliath source - 48.5°C , snake source – 42°C , anti scrofula source – 39°C).



The astrophysical observatory in Abastumani (1 650 m a.s.l.)

The astrophysical observatory in Abastumani is located on Mount Kanobili.

The observatory was founded in 1932 by Professor Ewgeni Kharadze. It was the first mountain astrophysical observatory in the former Soviet Union.

The initial history of the Observatory began in the late nineteenth century.



**You are
welcome!**

International Center for Caucasus Tourism

www.icct.ge Tel.: + 995 599 50 23 36;
icct.ngo.2007@gmail.com